



1. Periodic Building Unit – 2. Connection mode – 3. Parallel projections of the unit cell
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## 1. Periodic Building Unit:

Tetragonal **ISV** and **BEC** can be built using T16-units: four fused 6-rings or eight fused 5-rings (one in bold in Figure 1). T16-units, related by pure translations along  $x$ , are connected into chains parallel to  $x$ . Neighboring chains, related by a rotation of  $180^\circ$  about the chain axis, are connected along  $y$  through 4-rings into the Periodic Building Unit (PerBU) depicted in Figure 2. [Compare this PerBU with those in the **Beta-like framework types**; for a different PerBU in **BEC**: see **Alternative description**; for the PerBU in **ISV** and **BEC** built from 6-2 units: see **Figure 7**]

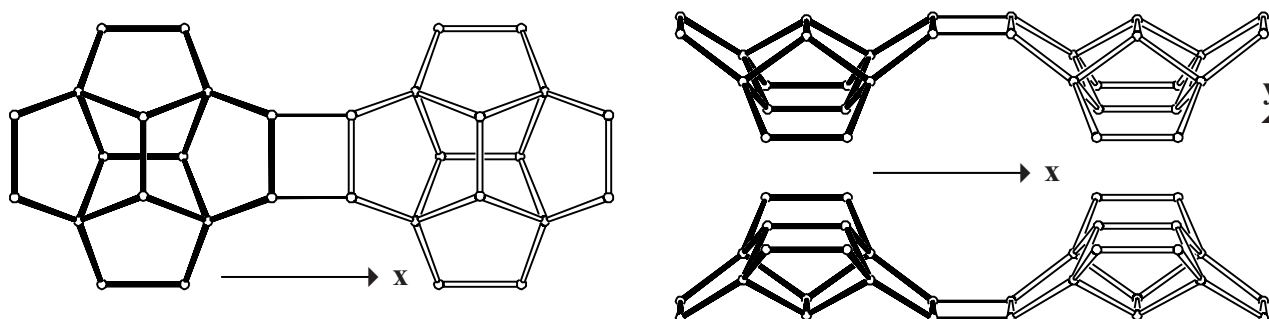


Figure 1. T16 units, related by pure translations along  $x$  are connected into chains along  $x$ . Chain viewed along  $y$  (left), and along  $z$  (right). The chains on the right differ by a rotation of  $180^\circ$  about  $x$ .

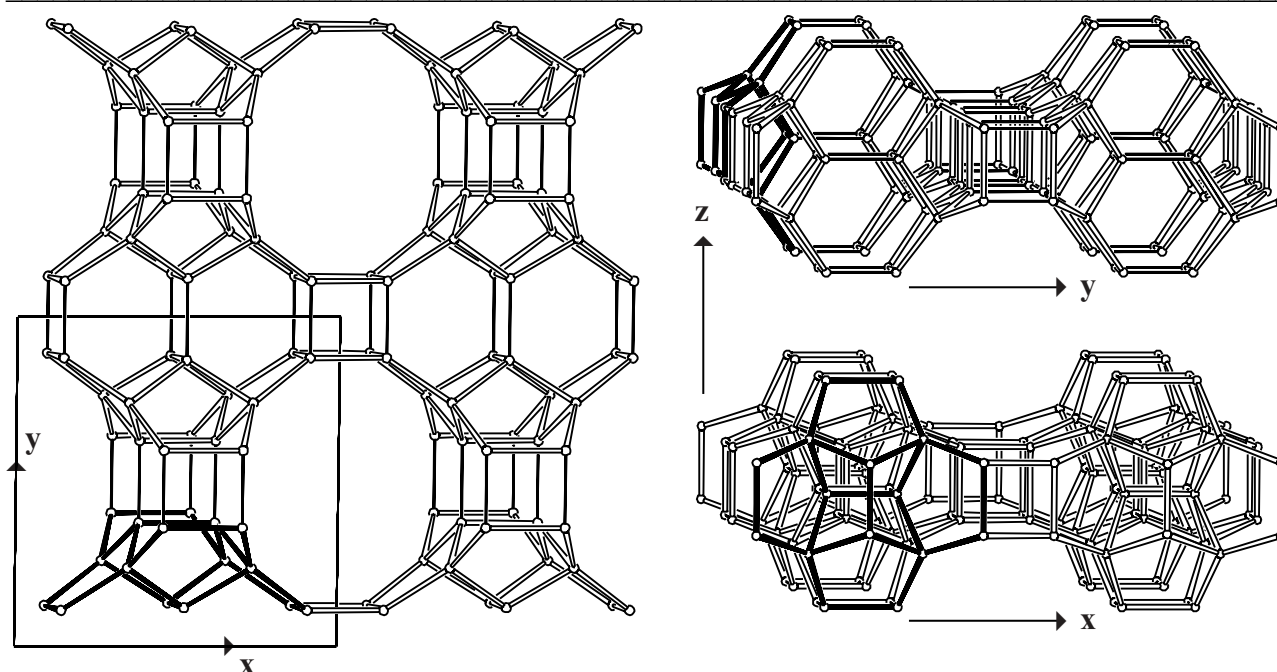


Figure 2. PerBU viewed along the plane normal  $z$  (left), down  $x$  (top right), and along  $y$  (bottom right). The PerBU's, depicted at the right, are identical and related by a rotation of  $90^\circ$  about  $z$ .



## 2. Connection mode:

Neighboring PerBUs are connected along  $z$  in two different ways:

- (1): neighboring PerBUs, related by pure translations along  $z$ , are connected through double 4-rings. The connectivity exhibits mirror symmetry between successive layers.
- (2): neighboring PerBUs, related by a rotation of  $90^\circ$  about  $z$ , are connected through double 4-rings. Successive layers are related by a  $4_2$  axis.

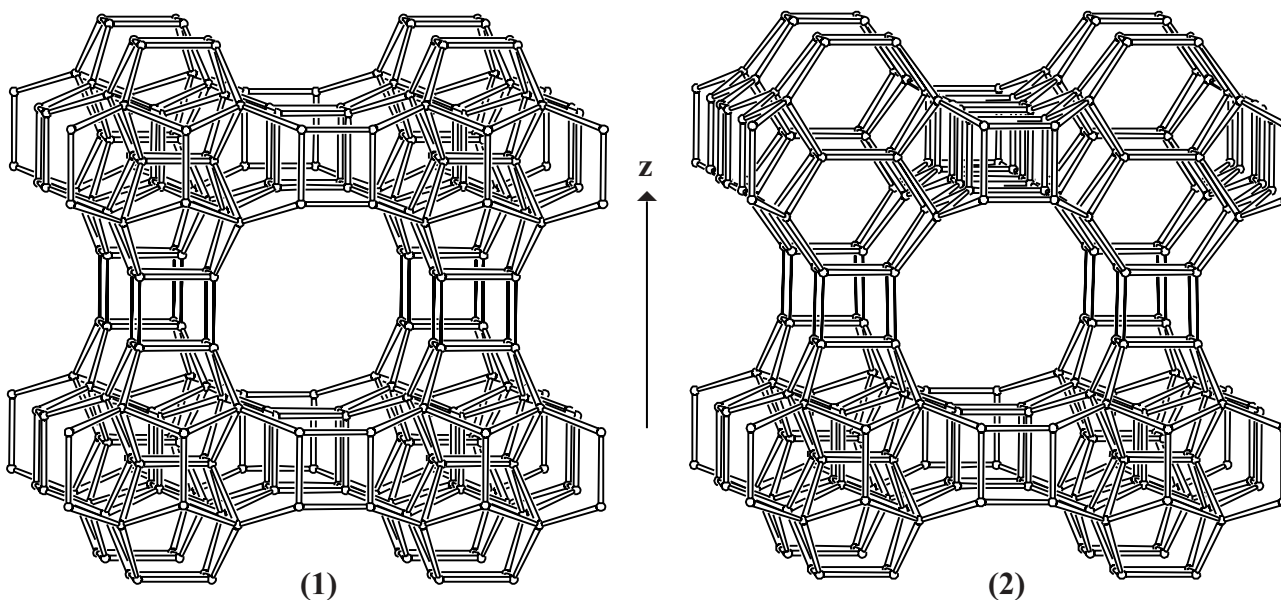


Figure 3. Connection mode (1) in BEC (left) and connection mode (2) in ISV (right) viewed along  $y$ .

## 3. Projections of the unit cell content: see Figure 4

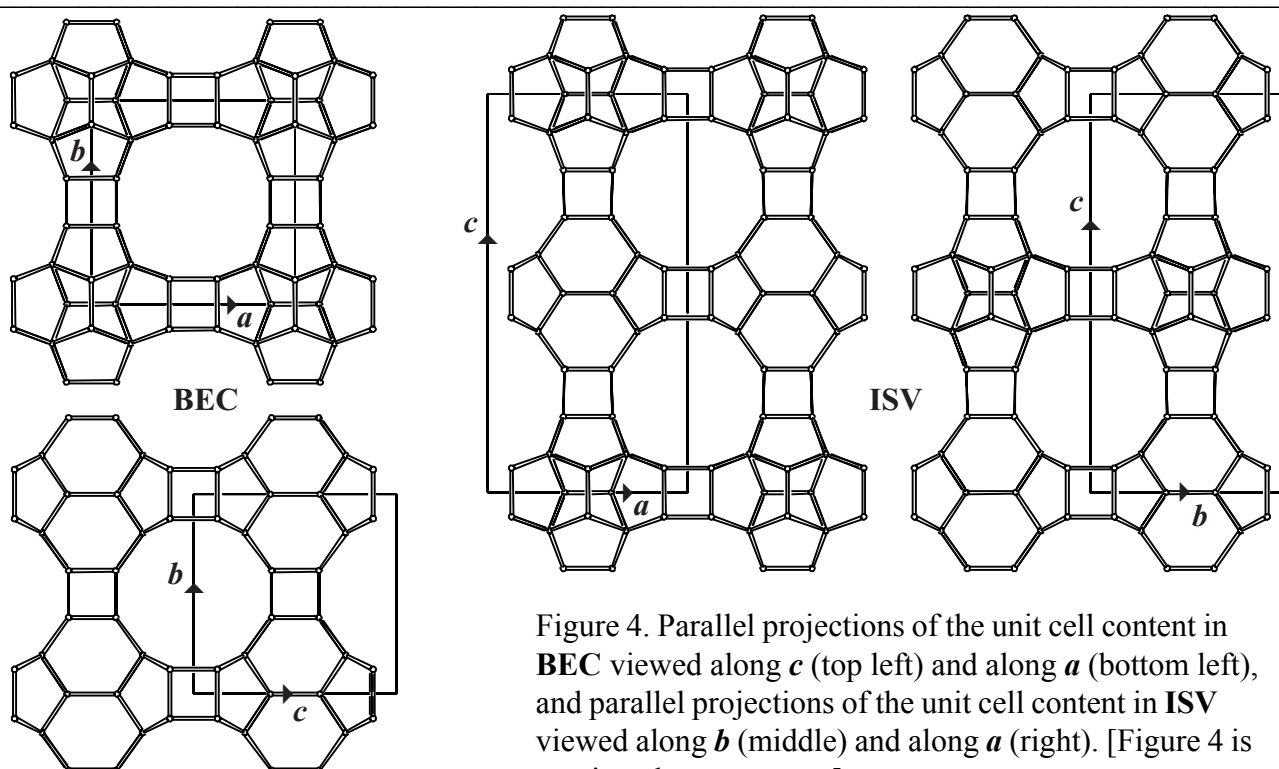


Figure 4. Parallel projections of the unit cell content in BEC viewed along  $c$  (top left) and along  $a$  (bottom left), and parallel projections of the unit cell content in ISV viewed along  $b$  (middle) and along  $a$  (right). [Figure 4 is continued on next page]

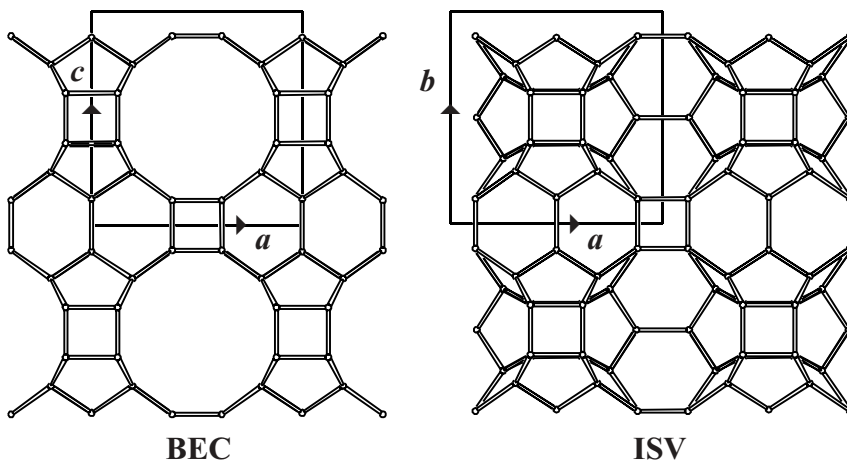


Figure 4 [Cont'd]. Parallel projections of the unit cell content in **BEC** and in **ISV** viewed along **b** (left), along **c** (right). ▲

#### 4. Channels and/or cages:

The pore system in **ISV** can be described using “double” cavities depicted in Figure 5 together with the **pore descriptor**. Fused cavities form 12-ring channels parallel to  $\langle 100 \rangle$  and to  $[001]$  as shown in Figure 6. Diffusion through the 12-ring channel in **ISV** parallel to  $[001]$  is obstructed as can be seen from Figures 4, 5 and 6. For a description of the channels in **BEC**: see **BEC**.

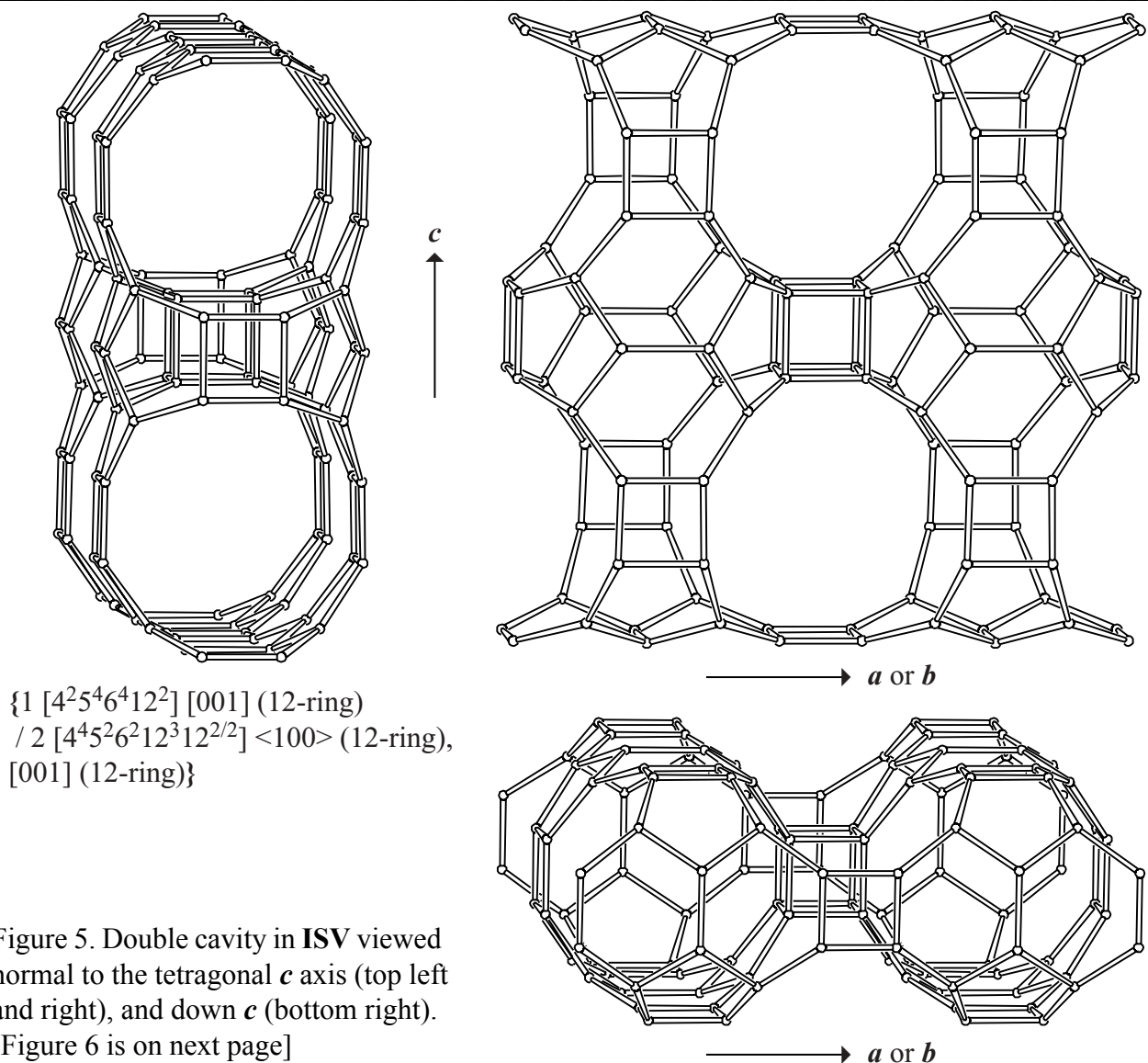


Figure 5. Double cavity in **ISV** viewed normal to the tetragonal **c** axis (top left and right), and down **c** (bottom right). [Figure 6 is on next page]

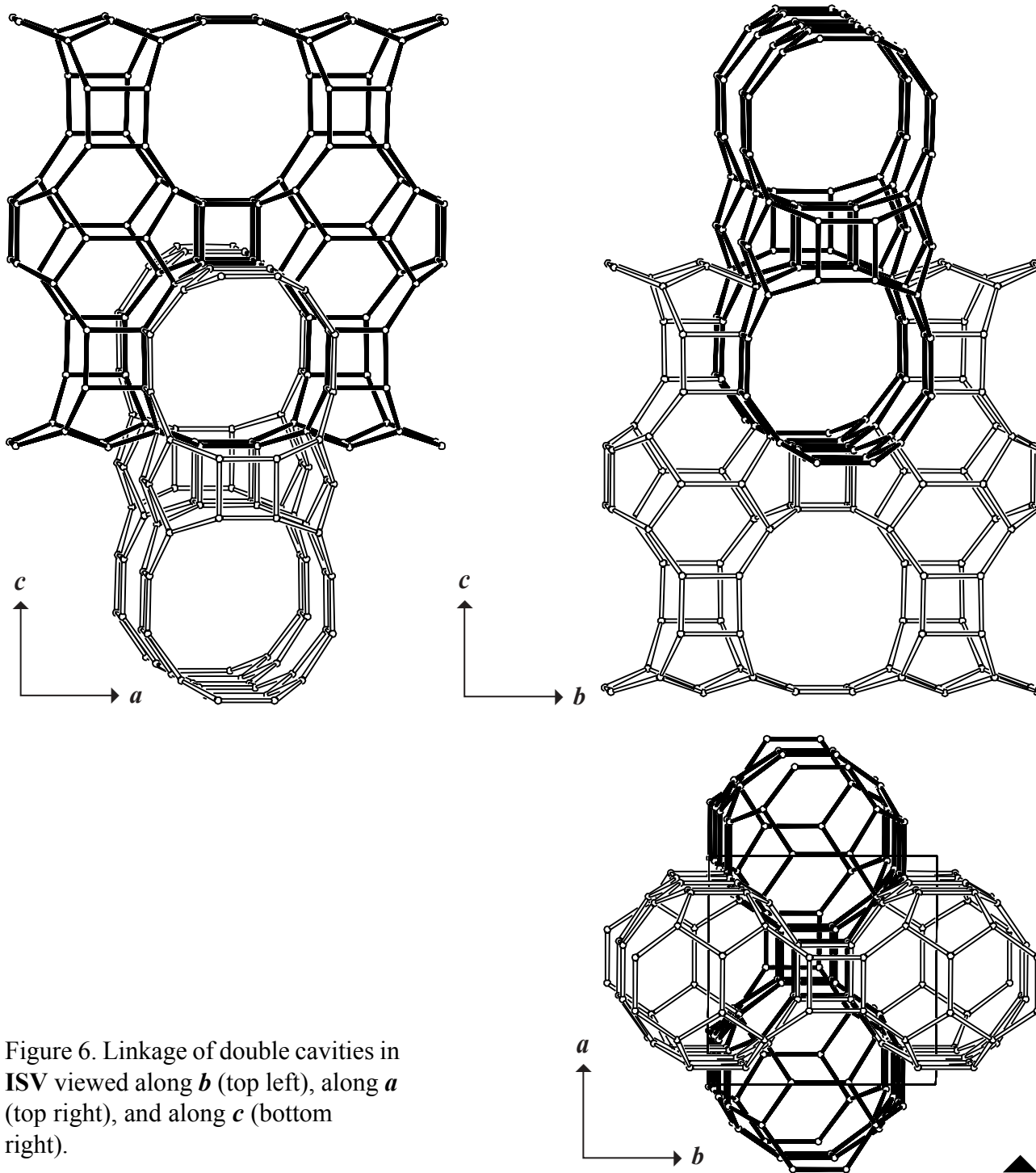


Figure 6. Linkage of double cavities in **ISV** viewed along **b** (top left), along **a** (top right), and along **c** (bottom right).

## 5. Supplementary information:

### *Alternative description of BEC*

An alternative description of **BEC** using a different PerBU is presented in the building scheme of **BEC**.

### *Beta-like framework types*

Beta-like framework types can be constructed using chains that resemble the chain in the **BEA** framework type.

In the **INTRO**-pages links are given to a description of the framework types that contain these chains (choose: **Beta-family**). There is also a link provided to a summary of the chains and PerBUs used in the building schemes of the framework types (choose: **Appendix; Figure 9**). ▲

*Figure 7.*

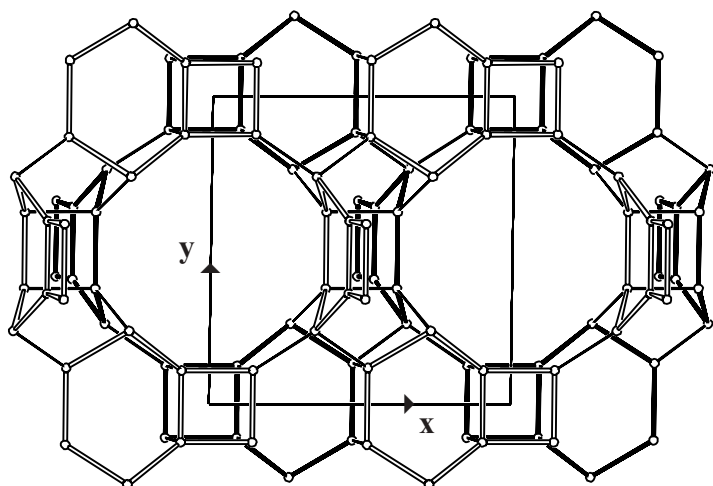


Figure 7. PerBU built from 6-2 units. The 6-2 units farthest from the reader are in bold.

